

DEF－15S．D．W DEF－17S．W

## Indicating Meter for Instrumentation

DEf－100N
Indicating Meter for Special Instrumentation

東洋計罟辢式会社

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## Indicating Meter for Instrumentation

# DEF-15S (Single-pointer type) <br> DEF-17S (Single-pointer type) <br> DEF-15W (Two facing pointers type) - DEF-17W (Two facing pointers type) 

## [Overview]

This meter has the optimal structure and characteristics to function as an indicator for various process control systems such as power, petroleum, chemical, metal and paper plants. A state-of-the-art instrument panel receiver with an elegant, stately design and extensive functionality; this highly reliable product makes control station quality even higher.

## Features

Comparative measurements for measurement control of series such as directed standard values and measurement values can be conducted with ease because the DEF - 15W and DEF-17W are integrated in a pair meter structure.
Optimal for system display panels and graphic monitoring panels. Appropriate for areas with dense instrumentation as very little space is required for installation.Two or more units can be neatly connected.Tag plates are attached to the top and bottom to display information such as measuring point name and tag number.The scale is brighter, larger and easier to read, making it easy to perform a series of control operations.
Parts such as the zero-point adjuster and the scale plate can be replaced because the meter unit can be easily removed from the front side.
$\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { DEF-15S only } \\ \text { DEF-15W only }\end{array}\right]$

## Specifications

| Circuit System | 1) Direct-acting - Input signal is applied directly to the coil. <br> 2) Electronic- Direct current amplification is performed for the input signal of the DC voltmeter and internal resistance is increased (DC voltmeter only). |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Signal and Input Resistance | Input Signal | Input Resistance |  |
|  | DC | Direct-acting | Electronic |
|  | 4~20mA | $50 \Omega \pm 20 \%$ |  |
|  | 10~50mA | 20ת $\pm 20 \%$ |  |
|  | 1~5V | $8 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 20 \%$ | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or above |
|  | 0~10V | $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 20 \%$ | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or above |
|  | -10~0~+10 | $40 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 20 \%$ |  |
|  | Inputs other than those indicated above can be manufactured upon request. |  |  |
| Tolerance | $\pm 1 \%$ (Dependent on maximum scale value or span) |  |  |
| Scale Length | 15 type: 100 mm 17 type: 100 mm |  |  |
| Pointer | 15S: Single-pointer (Black) <br> 15W: Two facing pointers (Black) <br> 17 type: Lance-shaped tip knife edge, red coating is standard (Fluorescent) |  |  |
| Scale Plate | White base, black scale, black characters |  |  |
| Thermal Behavior | Less than 1\% for 10 degrees |  |  |
| Power Supply | Auxiliary power supply is required for electronic DC voltmeters Voltage is $\mathrm{DC} 24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 2 \mathrm{~V}$, approx. 20 mA (per component) |  |  |
| Influence of Variation of Auxiliary Power Supply of Electronic DC Voltmeter | Less than 0.2\% for 10\% |  |  |
| Ambient Temperature and Humidity | $-10^{\circ} \sim 50^{\circ}, 40 \% \sim 85 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |  |  |
| Mounting Posture | Perpendicular installation, vertical <br> (Designate installation angles when mounting at an incline) |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance | More than $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ at 500 V mega (Between earth and input or power terminal) |  |  |
| Dielectric Strength | AC 2000 V for 1 minute ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) |  |  |
| Face Casing Coating | Standard: Black (7.5BG4/1.5 available upon request) |  |  |
| Weight | 15S: 1.3kg, 15D: $1.5 \mathrm{~kg}, 15 \mathrm{~W}: 1.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ 17S: 0.9kg, 17W: 1. 1kg |  |  |
| Name Plate | Affixed to the inside of the case (Material: tetrone film) |  |  |
| Shape Dimensions | According to P3 / P4 outside dimensions. |  |  |
| Scale Division | According to P5 scale division table. |  |  |
| Tag Plate Entry Examples | According to P5 entry examples. |  |  |
| Other | According to JISC 1102. |  |  |

## Ordering Guide

## Model Name

DEF-17S Direct-acting single-pointer (Left side only)
DEF-15S Direct-acting single-pointer (Left side only)
DEF-17W Direct-acting double-pointer (Two facing pointers type)
DEF-15W Direct-acting double-pointer (Two facing pointers type)

DEF-17S Electronic single-pointer (Left side only)
DEF-15S Electronic single-pointer (Left side only)
DEF-17W Electronic double-pointer (Two facing pointers type)

DEF-15W Electronic double-pointer (Two facing pointers type)

## Input Signal

- Scale Specifications

Coating Color
Tag Plate Entry Characters

- Mounting Posture


## Outside / Dimensional Diagram

$\square$ DEF-15S Direct-acting Single-pointer Meter and Electronic Single-pointer Meter




DEF-17S Direct-acting Single-pointer Meter and Electronic Single-pointer Meter


| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Terminal Symbol } & 5+ \\ \text { 1+ Side } & 6- \\ \text { 2-Side }\end{array}$ | 6 DC 24 V Auxiliary Power Supply |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

DEF-17W Direct-acting Double-pointer Meter
and Electronic Double-pointer Meter

ointers to Termin Symbols
$\left.\begin{array}{l}1+ \\ 2- \\ 2-\end{array}\right\}$ Left side pointer (As viewed from front of meter)
$\left.\begin{array}{l}3+ \\ 4-\end{array}\right\}$ Right side pointer (As viewed from front of meter) ${ }^{6}$

## Measuring Point Name Plate Entry Examples


[EF-15 Instruction Manual] (The zero-point adjuster and scale plate of the the DEF-155 and DEF-15W can be replaced simply by removing the meter unit from the front side.)

## [Removing the Meter]

(1)



1. Hook your finger on the bottom part of the name plate and pull it out. First the name plate comes out, then the meter unit comes out until it protrudes by approx. 7 mm .
At this point the clamping mechanism is released.
The name plate will not come out any further, but be careful because the meter unit may pop out if it is facing downward.
2. The meter unit can be completely removed, but the last part has a stopper on it, so remove the unit by pulling up and towards yourself.
3. The meter unit and meter frame can be completely separated by pulling out the connector.
4. Insert the connector followed by the main unit to install the meter unit. After pushing in the meter unit part-way, push in the name plate, then push in the meter unit the rest of the way until you hear it lock into place with a click.
The name plate and meter unit can be pushed into place in any order, but make sure afterwards that the meter unit does not come out when pulled on.

## [Adjusting Zero-point]



> (2)
(3)

(4)


1. Hook your finger on the bottom part of the name plate and pull it out. First the name plate comes out, then the meter unit comes out until it protrudes by approx. 7 mm . At this point the clamping mechanism is released.
The name plate will not come out any further, but be careful because the meter unit may pop out if it is facing downward.
2. Adjust zero-point after pulling the meter unit out into a position where the adjustment can be carried out.
Adjust zero-point on the side face by turning the circular plate printed with [ZERO ADJ]. This is on the same side as the [ $\triangleright \triangleleft]$ symbols in the same color as the pointer. Turn the plate using a screwdriver that fits inside the groove properly. Using an inappropriate size may break the groove.

## [Replacing the Name Plate]

$\$$


1. The upper name plate can be removed by hooking your finger around the upper part and pulling towards you.
2. The lower name plate can be removed by hooking your finger around the lower part and pulling it out, then pushing an object such as a screwdriver into the tab on the side and pulling out and towards you. It can be easily removed by simply pulling out one of the tabs.
3. Both the upper and lower nameplates can be attached by pushing them in.

## [Attaching the Meter]

1. Insert the meter from the front side of the panel.
2. Use the attachment brackets to fix the top and bottom of the meter in place from the back.

3. After adjusting zero-point, push in the meter unit part-way, push in the name plate, then push in the meter unit the rest of the way until you hear it lock into place with a click.
The name plate and meter unit can be pushed into place in any order, but make sure afterwards that the meter unit does not come out when pulled on.
[Replacing the Scale Plate]

4. Pull the meter unit out from the meter frame.
5. Take out the two screws and remove the cover.
6. Take out the two screws and replace the scale plate cassette.
7. Do not touch the pointer when attaching the cassette or cover.
[For the EF-15W]

8. Pull the meter unit out from the meter frame.
9. Take out the two screws and remove the cover.
10. Replace the left and right scale number plates (2) after removing the scale plate ( $(1)$.
11. Do not touch the pointer when replacing the cassette or attaching the cover.

## Indicating Meter for Special Instrumentation

## Model Name Format

T...Vertical Type Y...Horizontal Type
S...Single-pointer W...Double-pointer (Facing) Improved Model

Meter Front Dimensions $100 \times 36 \mathrm{~mm}$
DC Ammeter or Voltmeter (Including Reception Meter)

## Features

■This instrument panel meter can be densely mounted, enabling smaller panels.
■ Standard product includes a set pointer.
■ Multiple meters can be installed in a series.
■ Terminals are separated for a configuration that protects against short-circuits.
■ Equipped with an escutcheon to protect against light leakage from the back face of the panel edges when installed in a series.

## Specifications

| Product Name |  |  | Specifications | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Item | Edgewise Type Meter |  |  |
| 2 | Model Name | Vertical Type | DEf-100nST | Vertical direction scale face with a single-pointer |
|  |  |  | DEf-100n WT | Vertical direction scale face with a double-pointer |
|  |  | Horizontal Type | DEf-100n SY | Horizontal direction scale face with a single-pointer |
|  |  |  | DEf-100nWY | Horizontal direction scale face with a double-pointer |
| 3 | Shape Dimensions | Display $100 \times 36 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |
| 4 | Weight | DEf-100n ST(Y) |  | 0.4 kg or less |
|  |  | DEf-100n WT(Y) |  | 0.45 kg or less |
| 5 | Operating Principles | Movable coil |  |  |
| 6 | Movable Part Support | Pivot support method |  |  |
| 7 | Method | DC voltage or current |  |  |
| 8 | Measurement Type | Minimum Maximum | DC 1V or DC $200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | If the input signal exceeds the maximum value, it will be routed to the series resistor or the externally attached shunt (Except in the DEf-100N D, where up to 150 V is built in.) |
|  |  |  | DC 500V or DC 5A |  |
| 9 | Limit of Input Signal | Munsell N1.5 (standard black) |  | Munsell 7.5BG 4/1.5 and N 4 (gray) can be manufactured upon request. |
| 10 | Cover color | 1.5 Class (Standard) |  |  |
| 11 | Class | Vertical (Standard) |  | Specify whether it will be installed on a flat or inclined surface. <br> For inclined surfaces, specify the angle from a flat surface. |
| 12 | Installation Location | DEf-100n ST (Y) Black lance shape (Standard) |  | Wand-type or fluorescent color available upon request. In this case, the scale plate is flat. |
|  |  | DEf-100n WT (Y) Black lance shape (Standard) |  | Red or fluorescent color available upon request. |
| 13 | Shape and Coating Color of Pointer | Included |  | The meter cover can be removed and a movable set pointer can be installed upon request. |
| 14 | Set Pointer | 67 mm |  |  |
| 15 | Scale Length <br> Scale / Colored Line or Band | Single scale for single-pointer is standard; standard color for scale lines and numbers is black. |  | 1. A double-scale is available upon request for the DEf-100NST (Y). In this case, the pointer is a rod and the scale plate is flat. <br> 2. A colored line or band can be displayed on the scale upon request. |
| 16 | Mounting | Can be installed directly on panels with a thickness of 15 mm or lower. |  | A dedicated escutcheon is required to install multiple meters stacked in a series. (This is a standard accessory.) |
| 17 | Includes Variable Resistance for Span Adjustment | Attached to the back face of the meter in standard product. |  | Rotate to the right to increase the value. |

Main Part Materials and Processing

|  | Part Name | Material |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Cover | Transparent polycarbonate (Fire-resistant) | The resin surface has an anti-static finish processed by Colcoat |
| 2 | Base | Polycarbonate resin (Fire-resistant) | Color is black |
| 3 | Lid | Sheet iron | Black, coated after chromate treatment |
| 4 | Plastic Packaging | Black neoprene rubber | Affixed to the lid with rubber glue |
| 5 | Escutcheon | Phosphor copper | Black coating or dependent on specifications |
| 6 | Scale Plate | Colored aluminum board | Baked-on acrylic resin coating (White is standard) |
| 7 | Pointer | Lance Shape | Aluminum board |
|  | Rod | Aluminum pipe | Black alumite treated pointer part |
| 8 | Terminal | Brass M4 screws installed in brass bar for 4mm product | Nickel plating |
| 9 | Name Plate | Yupo sticker paper (Display label) <br> Tetrone film (FS ADJ.) <br> Paper (Seal) | Attached with glue |

## Outside / Dimensional Diagram



## Connection Diagram

| Model Name | Ammeter |  | Voltmeter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Direct Measurement | With Externally Connected Shunt | Direct Measurement | With Externally Connected Series Resistor |
| DEf-100NST <br> DEf-100NSY | Power Supply | Power Supply | Power Supply | Power Supply |
| DEf-100nWT DEf-100nWY | Power Supply | Power Supply | Power Supply |  |
| Amplifier <br> Included <br> Common to <br> Each Type | External Auxiliary P | he terminals for (1), (2), (3) and (4) of the an power supply. | d voltmeter as shown in | figure, then connect (5) and (6) to the external |

## Input Signal and Internal Resistance (Maximum Scale Value Unique to Meter)

| Voltmeter |  | Ammeter |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Signal | Internal Resistance$6 \Omega$ | Input Signal | Internal Resistance |  |
| 0~60 mV |  | $0 \sim 200 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1. If the ammeters exceeds 5 A , the product has a 60 mV meter with an externally attached shunt. |
| $-10 \sim+10 \mathrm{~V}$ | $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 300 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $400 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $400 \Omega$ | 2. If the voltmeter exceeds 500 V , an externally attached series resistor is included. |
| $0 \sim 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $160 \Omega$ | (Except for the DEf-100nD meter, which has an externally attached series resistor |
| $0 \sim 3 \mathrm{~V}$ | $3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 2 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $160 \Omega$ | when exceeding 150 V .) <br> 3. Internal resistance of zero-center meters |
| $0 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $6 \Omega$ | (a) The value for voltmeters is the same as for zero-left meters. |
| $0 \sim 7.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $7.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $3 \Omega$ | (b) The sum maximum value for ammeters is the same as for the corresponding |
| $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 30 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2 \Omega$ | zero-left meter. |
| $0 \sim 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $1.2 \Omega$ | 4. Shunts and series resistors can be externally attached upon request, even for the |
| $0 \sim 20 \mathrm{~V}$ | $20 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 75 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.8 \Omega$ | range of input signals on the left. |
| $0 \sim 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 100 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.6 \Omega$ | 5. Tolerance for all internal resistance values is within $\pm 30 \%$. |
| $0 \sim 30 \mathrm{~V}$ | $30 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.3 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.2 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 75 \mathrm{~V}$ | $75 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 500 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.12 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 100 \mathrm{~V}$ | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 750 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $0.08 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 150 \mathrm{~V}$ | $150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 1$ A | $0.06 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 200 \mathrm{~V}$ | $200 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | $0.03 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | $250 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | $0.02 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 300 \mathrm{~V}$ | $300 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $0 \sim 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | $0.012 \Omega$ |  |
| $0 \sim 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | $500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  |  |  |
| $1 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1~5 mA | $120 \Omega$ | 1. The meter which has an input signal of $1-5 \mathrm{~V}$ with a resistance of $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ comes with an |
| $1 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | $2 \sim 10 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $20 \Omega$ | amplifier and requires a DC24V auxiliary power supply. |
| $1 \sim 5$ | $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 2~10 mA | $20 \Omega$ | 2. Current consumption is 20 mA for one circuit ( 40 mA for two circuits). |
| $1 \sim 5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $4 \sim 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $5 \Omega$ | 3. Specify the input signal and internal resistance value as an input signal of 1-5V with |
|  |  | $10 \sim 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $2.5 \Omega$ | a resistance of $25 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ is optional. |

## Usage Conditions

| Item |  | Specifications | Note |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Ambient Temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | No stipulated temperature range for use of the JIS C 1102. |
| 2 | Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | The cover warps at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |
| 3 | Ambient Humidity | $40 \% \sim 90 \% \mathrm{RH}$ | 1. Anti-humidity processing can be applied upon request for environments with over $90 \%$ humidity. <br> 2. Use a commercially available anti-static finish if using the product at 40\% humidity or lower, <br> as this humidity level will deteriorate the effectiveness of the cover's anti-static processing. |
| 4 | Hazardous Gas | Not included | Processing can be performed upon request to counteract low density caused by corrosive <br> gases such as sulfuric acid gas. |
| 5 | Vibration | 0.5g or below |  |
| 6 | Installation Location | According to rules or against position <br> indicated on meter <br> Within 3 degrees |  |
| 7 | Warm-up | At least 15 minutes after turning on meter |  |
| 8 | External Magnetic Field | Degree of geomagnetism |  |
| 9 | Attached Panel | As indicated on meter | For Fe or NFe |

## Performance

| Item |  | Performance |  | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Conditions | Standard Specification Value |  |
| 1 | Tolerance | Against maximum scale value | Within $\pm 1.5 \%$ | 1. Percentage of the sum of the absolute value of the of upper and lower limits of the scale for zero-center meters <br> 2. Percentage of the upper limit value of the effective measurement range for extended scales |
| 2 | Adjustable Range of Variable Resistance | Against maximum value | $\pm 5 \%$ or above |  |
| 3 | Friction | Against scale length | Within 0.6\% |  |
| 4 | Influence of Posture | Against scale length | Within 2\% |  |
| 5 | Zero Point Fault | Against scale length | Within 0.6\% |  |
| 6 | Response Time | Time needed to reach $2 / 3$ scale | 4 sec . or below |  |
| 7 | Pointer Overshoot | Scale overshoots ${ }^{2 / 3}$ | Less than 40\% |  |
| 8 | Influence of Overheating | Against maximum scale value | Within $\pm 1.5 \%$ |  |
| 9 | Influence of Temperature | Against maximum scale value | Within 1.5\% |  |
| 10 | Influence of External Magnetic Field | Against maximum scale value | Within 3\% |  |
| 11 | Continuous Overload | Against maximum scale value | $\pm 1.5 \%$ |  |
| 12 | Momentary Overload |  | Must not cause extreme thermal or mechanical breakage. | An error will not be detected even if JIS C 1102 is overloaded by double. |
| 13 | Insulation Resistance | Between terminal and case | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or above |  |
| 14 | Voltage Test | Between terminal and case <br> Between terminals on double-pointer meters | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} 2000 \mathrm{~V}$ for one minute <br> $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ for one minute | Attached amplifier is 1000 V for 1 minute (DEf-100ND is 500 V for 1 minute) |
| 15 | Shock | Friction <br> Influence of Posture <br> Tolerance | Within $0.6 \%$ of scale length <br> Within $2 \%$ of scale length <br> Within maximum scale value $\pm 1.5 \%$ |  |
| 16 | Vibration | Friction <br> Influence of Posture <br> Tolerance | Within $0.6 \%$ of scale length <br> Within $2 \%$ of scale length <br> Within maximum scale value $\pm 1.5 \%$ |  |

## Instruction Manual (1)



## Instruction Manual (2)

|  |  | Instruction | Diagrams and Examples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  | (1) A variable resistor for maximum value adjustment is installed on the back face of this meter and can be adjusted by rotating left or right with a flat-head screwdriver. <br> The relationship between the pointer and the maximum adjuster is as indicated in the table when viewing the meter from the back face. <br> (2) Rotating to the right when adjusting will increase the pointer indication, while rotating left will decrease it. The adjustable range is approximately $5 \%$ or more of the maximum scale value. <br> (3) If an error is discovered, adjusting the maximum value with the zero-point adjuster will break down the linearity of the scale and result in overall error. In such cases, thoroughly investigate the source of the error and request repairs or replacement if the meter is the cause. | Edgewise Meter (T) <br> Horizontal Type (Y) |
| 4 |  | (1) Terminal connection fittings are fastened with M-4 screws. Up to two connection fittings can be installed. <br> (2) A separation board is installed between each terminal to prevent contact by metal pieces in between the terminals of the meter or between those of the meter and those of adjacent meters, which could cause a short-circuit. <br> (3) The relationship between the pointer and the terminal layout is as indicated in the chart. | Edgewise Meter (T) <br> Horizontal Type (Y) |
| 5 |  | (1) Test tolerance according to the method in item 6 when calibrating the scale during periodic inspections, etc. <br> (2) Regular periodic inspections should be carried out once every 3 to 12 months depending on frequency of operation. |  |

## ～Promotion of Environmental Issues～

Our company is fully committed to not using hazardous materials in our products．
All of our main products are manufactured without the use of the six hazardous materials prescribed in the RoHS directives．
Please consult us about the compatibility of each product．
Products that comply with the RoHS directives are distinguished by a label containing the＂Ro＂mark．

## Safety Precautions

Only allow this product to be handled by people with sufficient knowledge and skill to ensure proper use．
－Carefully review any connection diagrams before soldering to ensure correctly soldered connections．
－Fully tighten screws．Loose screws may cause overheating or burnout．
Mount the terminal cover after completing connections．
－Do not use if the specified rating is exceeded．Doing so may lead to malfunction or injury．
－Do not touch live parts of the product．Disconnect circuits during maintenance or inspections．

